

Security Tokens

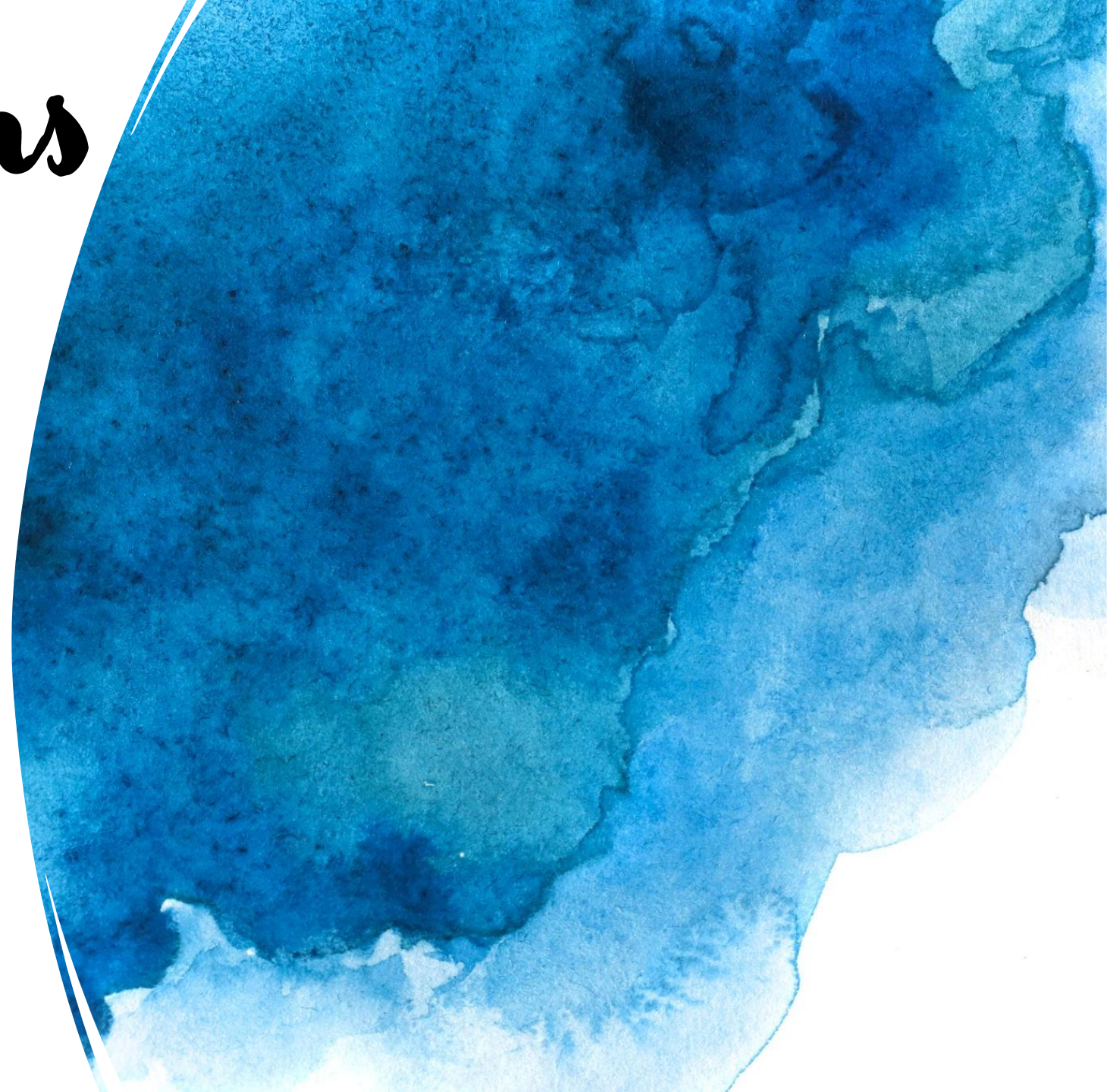
The need for privacy and compliance

JP Aumasson, CSO <https://aumasson.jp>

TAURUS

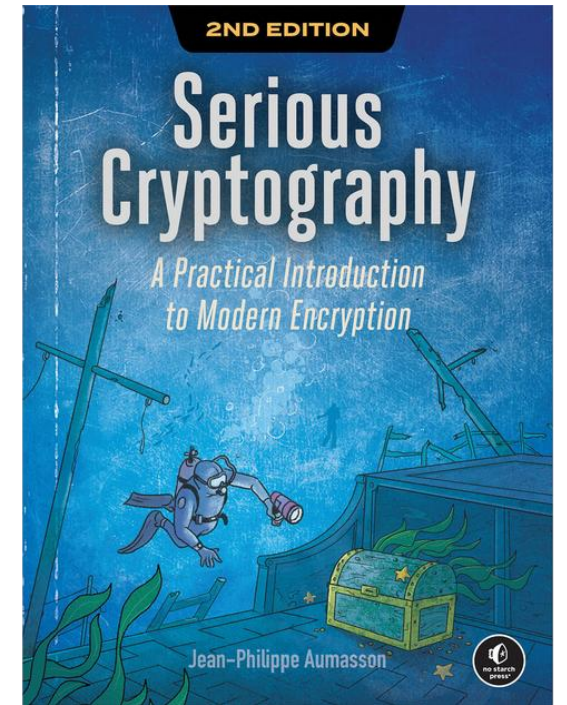
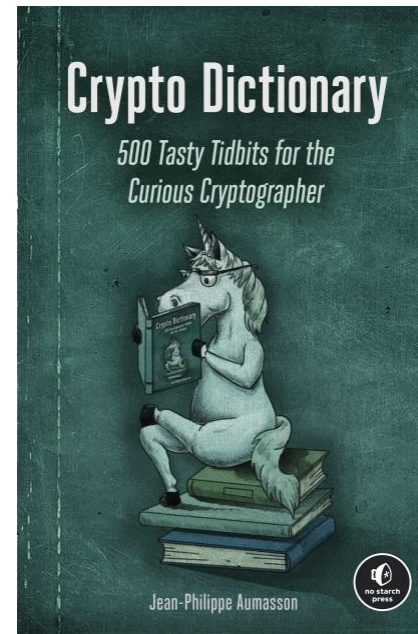


MERGE



¿Quién soy?

- Cofounder & CSO of Taurus, the crypto custody tech for banks
- 20 years in applied cryptography
- French living in Switzerland
- x.com/veorq



Privacy

Imagine a future where anyone on Earth could see...

- Your whole Google search history
- All your LLM interactions (ChatGPT etc.)
- All your private WhatsApp messages

Should this be the "Future of Internet"?

Privacy

Imagine a future where anyone on Earth could see...

- All the bank accounts you have, your salary, your savings
- The investments you made (funds, stocks, ETFs, etc.)
- Who you transfer money to

Should this be the "Future of Finance"?

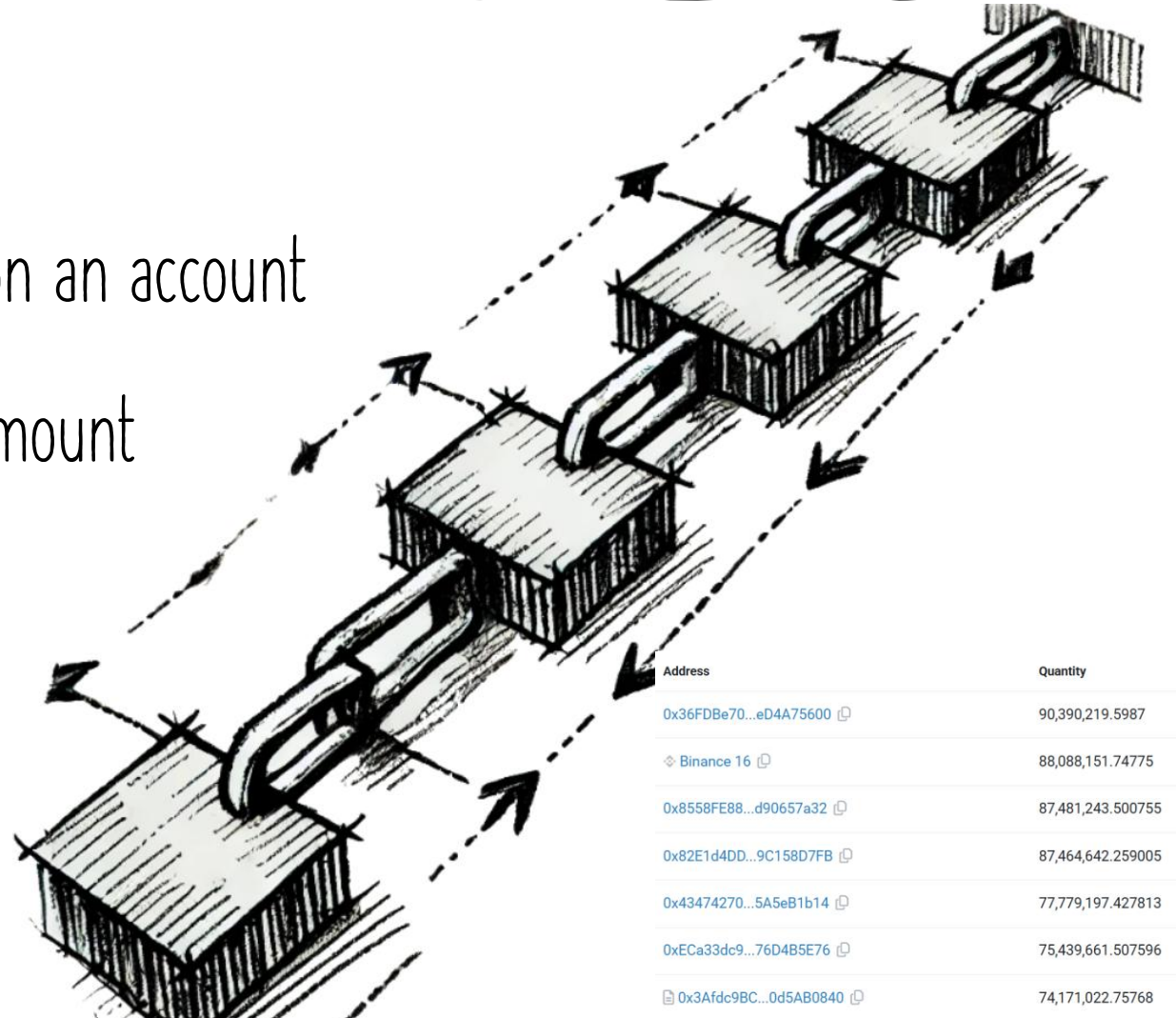
Blockchain tokens NOW

Anyone can trivially see

- Balances: how many tokens on an account
- Transfers: sender, recipient, amount

OK for scam tokens

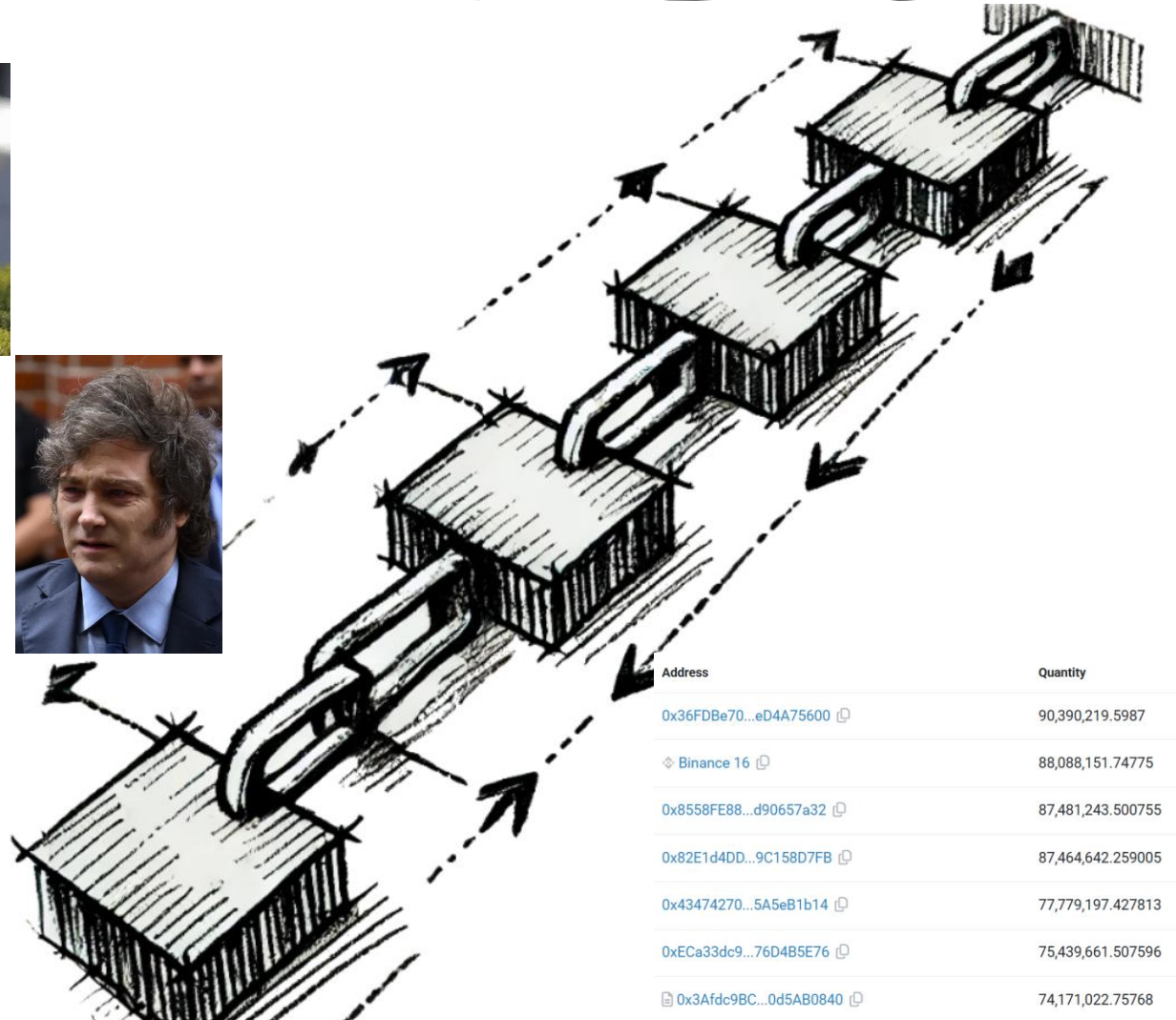
Not OK for real finance



Blockchain tokens NOW

Anyone includes...

- Organized crime
- Any foreign entities
- Any government agencies
- Business partners, clients
- Friends, neighbors, colleagues



"Security" token?

Unlike most tokens, not a Ponzi token (at least in principle)

Tokenized representation of regulated, real-world financial instruments such as

- Bonds
- Equity stock
- Private credit notes
- Structured products



<https://www.ft.com/content/dd020b5d-d031-4122-a488-ba7241b7f70d>

Security tokens on private chains

Permissioned/private ledgers bring greater privacy and efficiency

It is perhaps less well appreciated that these kinds of blockchains are also plagued by **governance problems**. We cannot simply trust in the code of the blockchain. Public permissionless blockchains are “designed by people, maintained by people, and governed by people”, as one research paper put it. but we don't necessarily know who these people are, who pays them, or **if they'll show up in an emergency**. This is an untenable position for critical financial infrastructure.

<https://www.ft.com/content/4c3ebc9f-d447-466a-8816-d4a166143029>

Security tokens on public chains

Often on public chains (mostly Ethereum) for convenience and interoperability



The image shows a screenshot of a Financial Times article. At the top, there is a hamburger menu icon and the text "FINANCIAL TIMES". Below this, there is a section titled "ETF Hub Exchange traded funds" with a button that says "+ Add to myFT". The main headline of the article is "Janus Henderson to follow BlackRock and Fidelity into tokenisation". Below the headline, there is a short paragraph: "Fund group's move to manage Anemoy fund means it is joining a trend that observers believe will disrupt the industry".

<https://www.ft.com/content/648f2249-5783-4e98-8412-4056f56ad1b0>

Security token standards

CMTAT – <https://github.com/CMTA/CMTAT>

- Modular, powerful cross-chain token (EVM, Tezos, etc.)
- Simple and cheap to deploy, actively developed
- Permissive licensing scheme

ERC-3643 – <https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T-REX>

- Fixed EVM-oriented specification
- Includes identity-management
- Code GPL license

STANDARD

CMTA Token (CMTAT)

February 20, 2025

Summary

The CMTA Token (CMTAT) is a framework enabling the tokenization of equity and debt securities, including structured products.

The CMTAT is the product of collaborative work by leading organizations in the finance and technology ecosystem.

ERC-3643: T-REX - Token for Regulated EXchanges

An institutional grade security token contract that provides interfaces for the management and compliant transfer of security tokens.

Authors Joachim Lebrun (@Joachim-Lebrun), Tony Malghem (@TonyMalghem), Kevin Thizy (@Nakasar), Luc Falempin (@Ifalempin), Adam Boudjemaa (@Aboudjem)

Created 2021-07-09

Requires EIP-20, EIP-173

Private cryptocurrencies exist

Zcash, <https://z.cash>

- Token ZEC: "shielded" tokens hide amounts, sender, recipient in a transfer
- "zcash sapling was the appollo project of cryptography" @hdevalence
- Based on zero-knowledge proofs (ZKPs)

Only ZEC token, not designed for compliance and securities tokenization

From private tokens to private programs

Principle: the program (smart contract) and its inputs are "encrypted"

Several ongoing projects, for example by Aleo, Aleph Zero, and Aztec

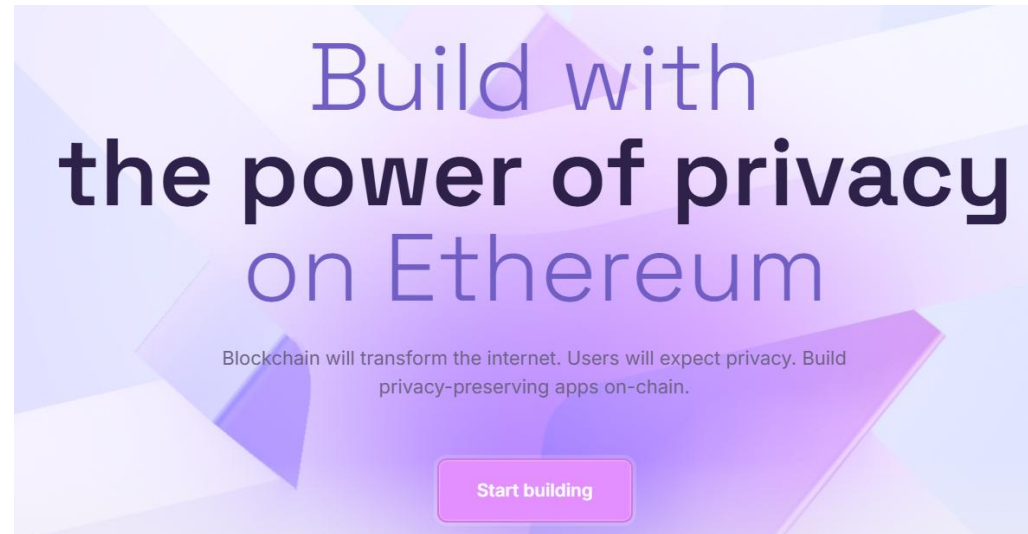


"ZK rollups" are not designed for privacy, but scalability

Thus a ZK rollup layer 2 leaks transaction data

Our approach

- Start from CMTAT, the most versatile and modular security token
- Adapt it to run on Aztec, the private layer 2 <https://aztec.network>



From Solidity to Noir

Aztec private programs must be coded in Noir, a Rust dialect

```
fn _transfer_internal(from: AztecAddress, to: AztecAddress, amount: Field) {  
    assert(!storage.enforcement_module.is_frozen(from), "Frozen: Sender");  
    assert(!storage.enforcement_module.is_frozen(to), "Frozen: Recipient");  
    storage.validation_module.operateOnTransfer(from, to);  
  
    let issuer = storage.issuer_address.get_current_value_in_private();  
  
    decrement(storage.balances.at(from), amount, from, issuer, from);  
    increment(storage.balances.at(to), amount, to, issuer, from);  
}
```

Features of our private token

- Private (encrypted) transfers, mint, and burn
- Auditability of transfers by the token issuer
- Transfer restriction, via blacklisting/whitelisting
- Public pause (of the contract) and freeze (of addresses)

Open-source at <https://github.com/taurushq-io/private-CMTAT-aztec/>

Testing it

- Now runs in Aztec's testing environment
- Soon in testnet, later in mainnet
- Extensive documentation

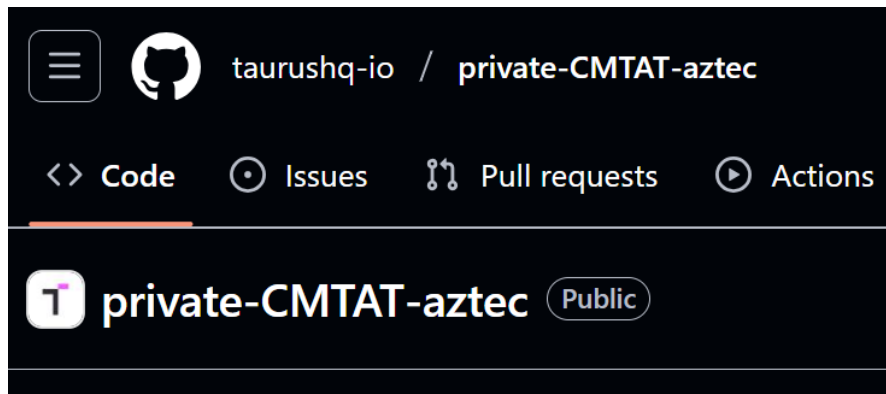


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Conclusion

- Tokenization of securities can now be done
 1. On a public blockchain
 2. Preserving privacy and compliance
- To run our token, Aztec testnet soon, mainnet later this year
- Alternatives to public chains: private ledger systems (e.g. Canton)

¡Gracias!

Questions?

JP Aumasson, CSO <https://aumasson.jp>

TAURUS

<https://taurushq.com>

