

The Password-Hashing Competition

JP Aumasson — @veorq

AppSec Forum Switzerland 2013

March 2013

nakedsecurity.sophos.com/2013/03/02/evernote-hacked-almost-50-million-passwords-reset-after-security-breach/

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Evernote hacked - almost 50 million passwords reset after security breach

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by [Graham Cluley](#) on March 2, 2013 | [27 Comments](#)
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Evernote, the online note-taking service, has posted an [advisory](#) informing its near 50 million users that it has suffered a serious security breach that saw hackers steal usernames, associated email addresses and encrypted passwords.

It's not clear how the hackers managed to gain access to Evernote's systems, or how long the hackers had access to Evernote's

The Evernote logo, a stylized grey elephant head, is centered on a green square background. The background is filled with faint, light green icons representing various digital tools and documents.

April 2013

arstechnica.com/security/2013/04/why-livingsocials-50-million-password-breach-is-graver-than-you-may-think/



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Why LivingSocial's 50-million password breach is graver than you may think

No, cryptographically scrambled passwords are *not* hard to decode.

by Dan Goodin - Apr 27 2013, 9:00pm WEDT

HACKING INTERNET CRIME

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May 2013

news.softpedia.com/news/Reputation-com-Hacked-All-User-Passwords-Reset-350034.shtml

Home > News > Security > Hacking News

May 1st, 2013, 11:08 GMT · By [Eduard Kovacs](#)

Reputation.com Hacked, All User Passwords Reset

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 ENLARGE

Online reputation and review management firm Reputation.com has suffered a security breach. The company has started notifying customers, informing them that their passwords have been reset.

Reputation.com representatives have stated that the attack was "interrupted and swiftly shut down" before the attackers could complete it.

"Following the attack, our engineering and security team immediately conducted an exhaustive investigation, working closely with independent security experts to determine what information may have been accessed," reads the notification sent to customers ([via Dave Lucas](#)).

"We are also implementing additional security measures, beyond the high level of security that is already in place, to ensure your continued protection."

According to the firm, they're confident that the cybercriminals haven't been able to access financial information – which is said to be stored on third-party systems –, account details, communication between the user and the Reputation.com team, and information about the provided services.

On the other hand, the attackers have accessed names, email addresses, physical addresses and, in some cases, dates of birth, phone numbers and occupational information.

July 2013

news.cnet.com/8301-1009_3-57592088-83/ubisoft-hacked-users-e-mails-and-passwords-exposed/

c|net



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CNET › News › Security & Privacy › Ubisoft hacked; users' e-mails and passwords exposed

Ubisoft hacked; users' e-mails and passwords exposed

The video game developer, known for creating Assassin's Creed, announces that its account database was breached and that all users should to reset their passwords.



by Dara Kerr | July 2, 2013 7:50 PM PDT

Follow @darakerr

July 13, 2013

www.ign.com/blogs/retrocortana101/2013/07/13/bohemia-interactive-hacked-usernames-emails-and-encrypted-passwords-taken/



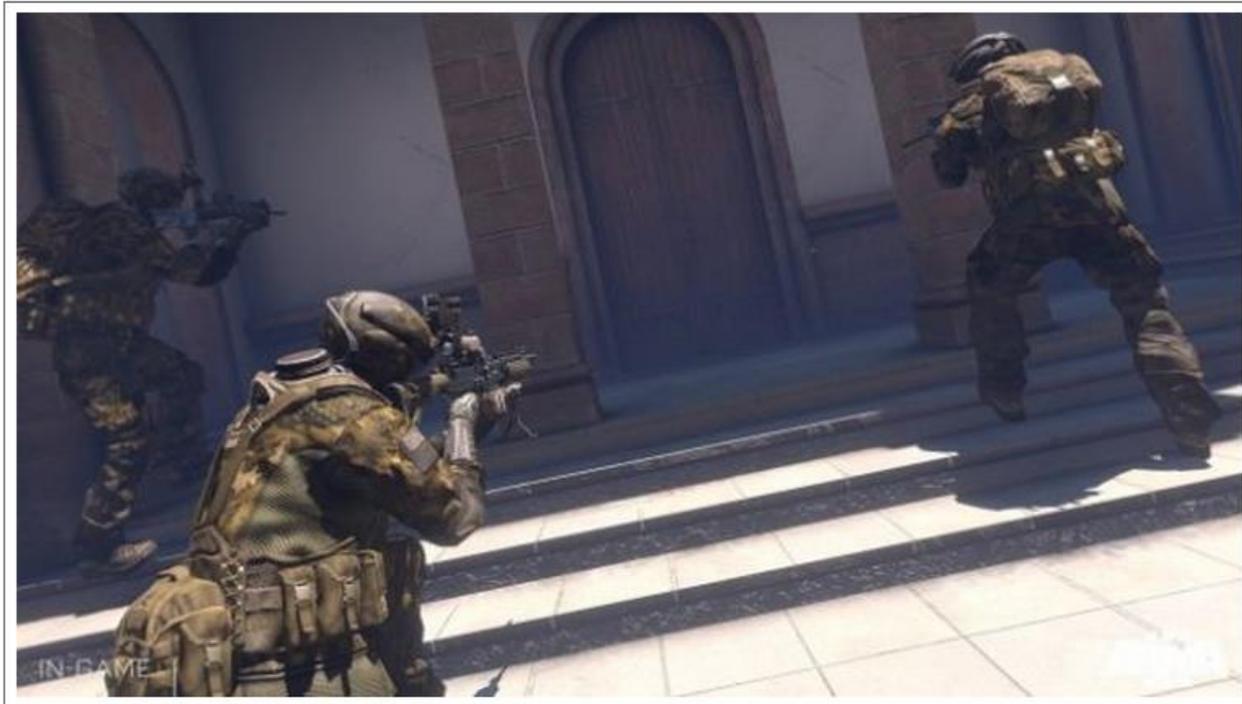
Comic-Con 2013

Prime

Sign

Bohemia Interactive hacked – usernames, emails and encrypted passwords taken

July 13, 2013 by [RetroCortana101](#)



July 18, 2013

→  grahamcluley.com/2013/07/nasdaq-hackers/

Hackers hit the NASDAQ community forum, email addresses and passwords compromised

Graham Cluley | July 18, 2013 8:45 am | Filed under: [Privacy](#), [Vulnerability](#) |  2

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There is bad news if you are in the habit of discussing stocks on the NASDAQ community forum, because hackers have managed to break into the site, and could have compromised usernames, email addresses and passwords.



The only silver lining on the cloud is that trading and commerce platforms were not impacted by the hack.

Users of NASDAQ's community messageboards should have received an email from the site, warning users about the security breach and advising members to change their passwords on **other** websites if the same password was being used.

July 21, 2013

grahamcluley.com/2013/07/ubuntu-forums-hack/

Ubuntu Forums hacked, 1.8 million passwords and emails stolen

Graham Cluley | July 21, 2013 2:32 pm | Filed under: [Data loss](#), [Linux](#), [Privacy](#), [Vulnerability](#) | 1

There has been a massive data breach impacting over 1.8 million users of the Ubuntu operating system this weekend.

Canonical, the lead developers of the Ubuntu Linux-based operating system, has admitted that its online forums were not just defaced this weekend, but also that hackers managed to steal every users' email address, password and username from the Ubuntu Forums database.

The first clue that anything was amiss was when hackers posted a (hard-to-miss) message on the Ubuntu Forums homepage of a penguin holding a sniper's rifle:



Etc. etc.

We have a problem



Protecting passwords

~~Tell users with weak passwords they are stupid and deserve to be hacked~~

Strengthen the server, to prevent a compromise

Fails in practice

Strengthen the hashes, to mitigate a compromise

Fails in practice (so far)

Probably easier to fix



How (not) to hash

No hash (1960's)

return password

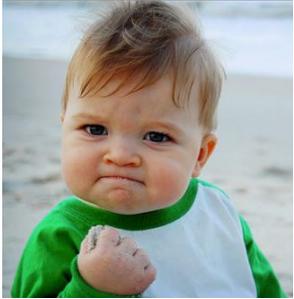


```
$result = mysql_query(
    "SELECT * FROM users " .
    " WHERE SHA1(username) = SHA1('" . $_REQUEST["username"] . "') " .
    " AND SHA1(password) = SHA1('" . $_REQUEST["password"] . "')");
```

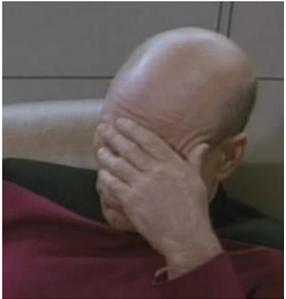
<http://thedailywtf.com/Articles/Topgrade,-SHA1-Encryption.aspx>

Crypto hash (early 1970's)

`return hash(password)`



- One-way (cannot be efficiently inverted)



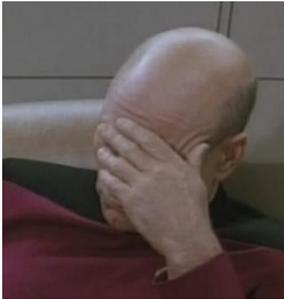
- Efficient dictionary & bruteforce attacks
- Vulnerable to rainbow tables

Crypto hash with a salt (late 1970's)

`return hash (password, salt)`



- One-way (cannot be efficiently inverted)
- Not vulnerable to rainbow tables



- Efficient dictionary & bruteforce attacks

Password hashing scheme (2000's)

`return hash(password, salt, cost)`



- One-way (cannot be efficiently inverted)
- Not vulnerable to rainbow tables
- Inefficient dictionary & bruteforce attacks
- Minimizes the advantage of GPU/FPGA

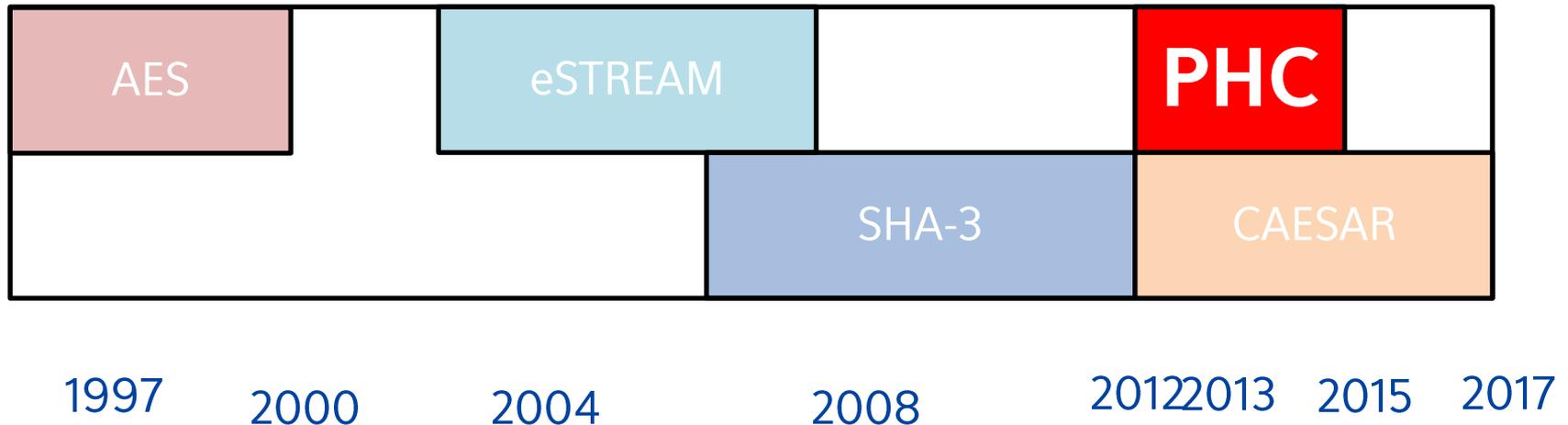
Forces attackers to use much more resources to test a password

Arithmetic operations

Memory usage and read/writes



The Password Hashing Competition (PHC)



Experts panel: cryptographers, crackers, software engineers

Tony Arcieri (@bascule, Square)

Jean-Philippe Aumasson (@veorq, Kudelski Security)

Dmitry Chestnykh (@dchest, Coding Robots)

Jeremi Gosney (@jmgosney, Stricture Consulting Group)

Russell Graves (@bitweasil, Cryptohaze)

Matthew Green (@matthew_d_green, Johns Hopkins University)

Peter Gutmann (University of Auckland)

Pascal Junod (@cryptopathe, HEIG-VD)

Poul-Henning Kamp (FreeBSD)

Stefan Lucks (Bauhaus-Universität Weimar)

Samuel Neves (@sevenps, University of Coimbra)

Colin Percival (@cperciva, Tarsnap)

Alexander Peslyak (@solardiz, Openwall)

Marsh Ray (@marshray, Microsoft)

Jens Steube (@hashcat, Hashcat project)

Steve Thomas (@Sc00bzT, TobTu)

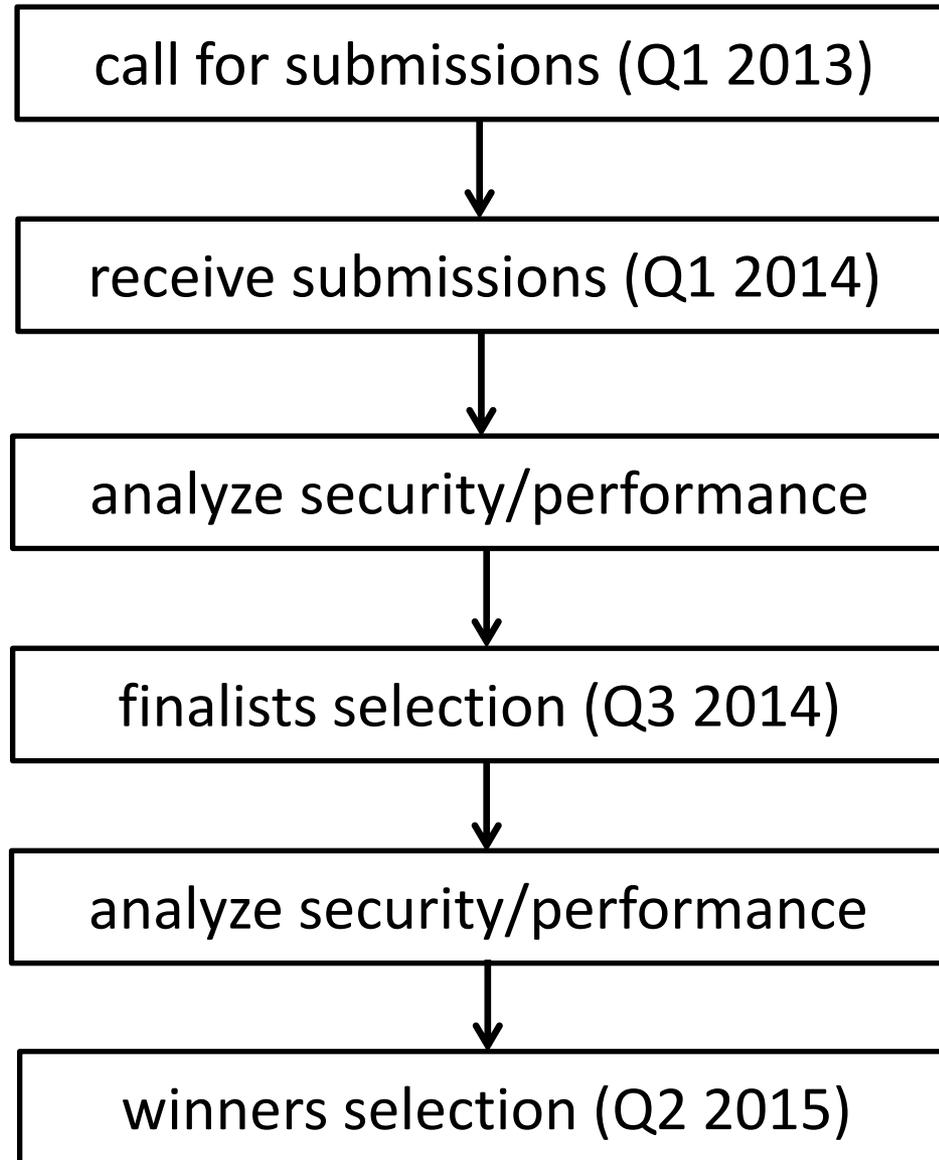
Meltem Sonmez Turan (NIST)

Zooko Wilcox-O'Hearn (@zooko, Least Authority Enterprises)

Christian Winnerlein (@codesinchaos, LMU Munich)

Elias Yarrkov (@yarrkov)

Expected timeline





Submit before January 31, 2014

Password Hashing Competition

[INTRODUCTION](#) / [CALL FOR SUBMISSIONS](#) / [CANDIDATES](#) / [TIMELINE](#) / [INTERACTION](#) / [EVENTS](#) / [FAQ](#)

Call for submissions

The Password Hashing Competition (PHC) organizers solicit proposals from any interested party for candidate password hashing schemes, adoption, and covering a broad range of applications.

Submissions are due by January 31, 2014. All submissions received that comply with the submission requirements below will be made available.

Technical guidelines

The submitted password hashing scheme should take as input at least

- A password of any length between 0 and 128 bytes (regardless of the encoding).
- A salt of 16 bytes.
- One or more cost parameters, to tune time and/or space usage.

The scheme should be able to produce (but is not limited to) 16-byte outputs. If multiple output lengths are supported, the output length should be a parameter. Passwords longer than 128 bytes may be supported, but that is not mandatory.

Other optional inputs include local parameters such as a personalization string, a secret key, or any application-specific parameter.

Submissions will be evaluated according the following criteria:

All details on <https://password-hashing.net>